



SportCoin (SPC)

The Athletes' Reward Protocol

Proof of Achievement on Blockchain

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This document is a vision and design document. It is not financial, legal, or tax advice, and not an offer to sell or solicitation to buy any token or security. All parameters are preliminary and subject to change and to professional and legal review before any token issuance.

SportCoin (SPC) — Whitepaper

The Athletes' Reward Protocol — Proof of Achievement on Blockchain

Version 1.0 (vision whitepaper). This document will be refined as the project matures.

Versioning & Document Status

This whitepaper is a living document, currently at version 1.0. SportCoin follows a principle of **disciplined versioning**: the structural elements of the protocol — its tokenomics, architecture, and core design — are not changed casually or frequently. Material changes are made only at defined milestones of the roadmap, for specific and stated reasons (such as validated community feedback, the requirements of professional and legal review, or the findings of a security audit), and never as a reaction to short-term sentiment.

Every material change is documented transparently in a public changelog, with its version, date, and rationale. This discipline is deliberate: it signals that SportCoin's foundations are designed to be stable and trustworthy, while remaining honest that a project in its early phases will refine its details as it matures. Readers can always identify which version they are reading and what has changed since the last.

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1. Legal Notice & Disclaimer

This whitepaper is for informational purposes only and does not constitute financial, investment, legal, or tax advice. It does not represent an offer or solicitation to buy or sell any token, security, or financial instrument.

SportCoin (SPC) is a utility token designed to reward verified athletic achievement and to power participation within the SportCoin ecosystem. SPC is not designed or offered as an investment product, and holding SPC carries no expectation of profit derived from the efforts of others. SportCoin makes no representations or guarantees regarding the future value of SPC.

Blockchain-based tokens involve significant risk, including the potential loss of value. Nothing in this document should be interpreted as a promise of returns. Prospective participants should conduct their own research and consult qualified professionals before engaging with the protocol.

This whitepaper describes a vision and a plan that may evolve. Features, mechanisms, and timelines are subject to change as the protocol develops. Certain technical and economic parameters described herein are presented as principles and will be finalized in a later implementation phase.

2. Executive Summary

Professional sport rewards only a fraction of those who compete. Beyond the elite top tier, the overwhelming majority of athletes earn little or nothing — despite training, competing, and achieving at the highest levels of their discipline. Sponsorships flow to the already-famous. The rest compete on passion alone.

Meanwhile, blockchain has produced digital value through “mining”: networks that issue tokens by combining two ingredients — solving complex mathematical problems and consuming electrical energy. SportCoin is built on the same logic, with both ingredients replaced by something human.

SportCoin (SPC) introduces **Proof of Achievement**. Where traditional mining combines mathematical computation with electrical energy, SportCoin combines **athletic achievement** — competitive feats as demanding as any equation — with **human energy**: the passion, sweat, tears, and sacrifice an athlete pours into their sport. That is the work that mines SportCoin. Every verified achievement distributes SPC.

Built on Polygon, SportCoin uses sports-data oracles to confirm real results from official sources and distributes SPC automatically through transparent smart contracts. Athletes earn for what they accomplish. Fans participate by acquiring SPC and using it to support athletes, access experiences, and shape the community — all powered by genuine utility, not speculation.

SportCoin is designed for a market that has matured beyond hype toward sustainable utility. Its architecture deliberately avoids the failures of earlier sport and fitness tokens: it rewards only objectively verifiable achievements, gives the token real and ongoing utility, and follows a transparent, durable economic model with a fixed supply.

This document presents the problem SportCoin solves, the market opportunity, the Proof of Achievement model, the underlying technology, and the principles guiding SportCoin’s economy and roadmap.

3. The Problem

Sport is one of the largest cultural and economic forces on the planet — yet its rewards are extraordinarily concentrated. A small elite captures the prize money, the sponsorships, and the fame. Everyone else competes for almost nothing.

The data is stark. The International Tennis Federation surveyed 7,605 players and found that just 5% of men and 6% of women earned enough prize money to cover their expenses in their most recent year of play.¹ A peer-reviewed 2025 study placed the financial break-even point at roughly ATP/WTA ranking 150, and found that only 32–34% of even the world's *top junior* players ever achieved a positive financial balance over their entire careers.² The concentration is severe: the top 50 men's players captured 60% of a \$162 million prize pool, while players ranked 100–200 often earned only \$50,000–\$150,000 before expenses.³ Fewer than 400 players worldwide actually make a living from the sport.³

The contrast with team sports is brutal. As one analysis put it: if you are the 350th-best man in baseball, basketball, American football, ice hockey, or soccer, you earn more than \$500,000 a year with expenses paid; if you are the 350th-best man in tennis, you are likely falling into debt or relying on a sponsor or parent.⁴

Combat sports tell the same story. While elite UFC champions earn seven-figure purses, fighters in regional promotions typically earn between \$2,000 and \$5,000 per bout, and some early-career fights pay as little as \$500 — for a contest carrying real physical risk.⁵ Even within the UFC, dozens of fighters earn under \$20,000 in a year.⁶ Most supplement their income with coaching or unrelated work.

The pattern repeats across nearly every individual sport: thousands of dedicated professionals — and countless amateurs and juniors — train for years and achieve genuine results that generate little or no financial return.

The traditional model offers them only one escape: sponsorship. But sponsorship is a popularity contest. It rewards visibility, follower counts, and marketability — not athletic achievement. An athlete who wins consistently but lacks a large social following is invisible to it. Performance and reward are disconnected.

Blockchain promised new models, but existing projects miss this gap entirely:

- **Fan tokens** issued for major teams monetize collective team popularity. They do nothing for individual athletes, and nothing for the long tail of sport.

- **Move-to-earn and fitness tokens** rewarded generic consumer activity rather than verified competitive achievement — and most collapsed, because that activity created no sustainable value.
- **Athlete-branded coins** have largely been speculative tokens tied to a celebrity's name, disconnected from performance, with a track record of sudden collapse.

The result is a clear and unfilled gap: **no protocol rewards individual athletes for verified competitive achievement.** The very people who embody the effort and excellence at the heart of sport are the ones the current economy leaves behind.

4. The Market Opportunity

The convergence of sport and blockchain is no longer speculative — it is becoming an established category. The broader sports-technology market is projected to grow from approximately \$34 billion in 2025 to nearly \$69 billion by 2030, a compound annual growth rate of roughly 15%.⁷

Critically, the market is maturing in SportCoin's direction. Industry analysis indicates that sport-and-blockchain has shifted away from hype-driven speculation toward sustainable, utility-driven models — digital assets that serve real functions such as access, participation, and verifiable ownership, rather than pure trading instruments.⁸ The mechanisms now defining the space — automated on-chain rewards, transparent smart-contract royalties, and utility-based engagement — are precisely the mechanisms SportCoin is built around.

At the same time, the tokenization of individual athletes is emerging rapidly, particularly through name, image, and likeness (NIL) models that allow athletes to participate directly in their own economic value.⁹ This validates SportCoin's core premise — that individual athletes are a legitimate and growing focus for blockchain-based value — while leaving SportCoin's specific angle, *verified achievement*, still open.

SportCoin targets a deliberately underserved segment: the vast population of individual-sport athletes below the elite tier — professional, amateur, and junior — across disciplines such as tennis, combat sports, golf, and track. This is the long tail of sport: enormous in aggregate, rich in measurable achievement, and entirely uncovered by existing blockchain models. It is a market defined not by a shortage of athletes or achievements, but by the complete absence of a system to reward them.

5. The Solution: Proof of Achievement

SportCoin is built on a single principle: **achievement should be rewarded, and achievement can be verified.**

Proof of Achievement (PoA) is the mechanism that turns verified athletic accomplishment into on-chain rewards. It rests on four ideas:

1. Only verifiable achievements count. A Proof of Achievement event is an objective, externally confirmable result — a match won, a tournament placement, a ranking improvement, an official record. It is never self-reported and never a matter of opinion or popularity. If an achievement cannot be independently verified against an authoritative source, it does not generate rewards. This single rule is what separates SportCoin from the models that failed before it.

2. Achievement, not popularity. Traditional sponsorship and fan-token models reward visibility — who has the most followers, the most marketable image. Proof of Achievement rewards the opposite: what an athlete actually accomplishes in competition. A relatively unknown athlete who wins is recognized exactly the same as a famous one who wins. Merit, not fame, drives the reward.

3. Achievement, not activity. Earlier “earn” models rewarded generic activity — steps walked, time spent — which created no real value and collapsed under inflation and farming. Proof of Achievement rewards only meaningful, competitive accomplishment that is scarce by nature. You cannot farm a tournament win.

4. Verified identity, not anonymous claims. A reward is only as trustworthy as the link between the achievement and the person who earned it. Before any rewards are released, SportCoin verifies that a registered athlete genuinely is who they claim to be — binding their SportCoin identity to the real competitor through verification of official channels and credentials. This prevents impersonation and false claims: an achievement must be both independently verified *and* attributed to a verified athlete. No one can claim another person’s identity or results.

Together, these four principles make every reward defensible. An achievement must be real (verifiable), meaningful (a genuine competitive accomplishment), merit-based (not popularity), and correctly attributed (verified identity). This is the conceptual core of SportCoin’s “human mining.” Where conventional blockchains prove work through computation, Proof of Achievement recognizes a different and harder kind of work: the verified results of real athletic effort. The achievement is the proof; verification of both result and identity is the safeguard; the reward is the recognition that the current economy of sport fails to provide.

6. How It Works

SportCoin translates Proof of Achievement into a simple flow that requires no technical knowledge from athletes or fans.

For athletes:

1. **Register and verify.** An athlete joins SportCoin and creates a profile declaring their sport and competitive identity. Registration is open and low-friction — athletes do not need to be famous, sponsored, or technically skilled — but before rewards are released, the athlete's identity is verified to confirm they are the genuine competitor, protecting them from impersonation.
2. **Compete.** The athlete continues doing exactly what they already do — competing in their sport.
3. **Get verified.** When the athlete achieves a result, SportCoin's oracle system confirms it against authoritative external sources (official rankings, federation results, recognized event data). Verification is the safeguard that keeps the system honest and fraud-resistant.
4. **Earn.** Once both identity and achievement are confirmed, a smart contract automatically distributes SPC to the athlete's wallet. The process is transparent and requires no manual claim.

For fans:

1. **Acquire SPC.** Fans obtain SPC by acquiring it on the open market or by earning it through verifiable participation in the community.
2. **Participate.** Fans use SPC to support the athletes they believe in, access experiences, and take part in community decisions.
3. **Engage over time.** As the ecosystem grows, using SPC opens deeper forms of participation in the community.

Wallets without friction. A central design goal is that participants never need to understand blockchain to take part. Fans can join with a familiar email-based login, with the underlying wallet handled invisibly. Athletes receive rewards into a wallet that can be self-custodied or, in the case of minors, managed by a parent or legal guardian. Transaction costs on the network are designed to be absorbed by the protocol, so participants are not burdened with technical fees.

The result is an experience that feels simple — register, compete, earn; or join, support, participate — while transparent smart contracts and verified data do the work underneath.

7. Technology & Architecture

SportCoin is designed to be powerful underneath and invisible on the surface — participants experience simplicity, while verified data and smart contracts do the work.

Blockchain: Polygon. SportCoin is built on Polygon, an established, low-cost, energy-efficient network compatible with the Ethereum ecosystem. Polygon enables fast transactions at negligible cost, which makes frequent micro-rewards to athletes economically viable — something that would be impractical on higher-fee networks.

A two-contract architecture. SportCoin's on-chain logic is deliberately minimal, for security and clarity:

- **The SPC Token Contract** is an **ERC-20** token — the established standard for fungible tokens — defining SPC's fixed supply, ownership, and transfers. It is the stable foundation and rarely changes.
- **The Reward Distributor Contract** is the engine of Proof of Achievement. It receives verified achievements and distributes SPC according to the protocol's rules. Separating the distributor from the token is a deliberate security choice: the asset itself remains protected regardless of how reward logic evolves.

Modular by sport. The Reward Distributor is modular. Each sport — tennis, combat sports, golf, and others over time — is integrated as a module with its own rules for what counts as a verified achievement and how it is recognized. Adding a new sport means adding a module, without altering the token or disrupting the sports already supported. This is how SportCoin scales across disciplines without rebuilding itself.

Recognizing levels of competition. Within each sport, the protocol recognizes that achievements occur at different levels — professional, amateur, and junior. These levels are parameters within the reward logic, allowing the system to treat a professional title and a junior title appropriately and distinctly, without added structural complexity.

Upgradeable by design. The distributor is built to be upgradeable using **OpenZeppelin's audited proxy pattern**, an industry standard for secure, updatable contracts. This allows new sports, refined rules, and improvements to be introduced over time without migrating balances or redeploying the token — and it makes the system straightforward for a future partner to integrate and extend.

Oracles: verifying result and identity. SportCoin relies on a sports-data oracle layer that connects real-world results to the blockchain. This layer performs the two verifications at the heart of Proof of Achievement: confirming that an achievement genuinely occurred (against official rankings, federation results, and recognized event data) and confirming that the athlete claiming it is verifiably who they say they are. Only when both are satisfied does the distributor release rewards.

Wallets and accessibility. Fans join through a familiar email-based login, with the underlying wallet managed invisibly. Athletes receive rewards into a wallet they control, or — for minors — a wallet managed by a parent or legal guardian. Network transaction costs are designed to be absorbed by the protocol, so neither athletes nor fans deal with technical fees. The goal is consistent: full blockchain transparency, zero blockchain friction. This gasless experience — where the protocol absorbs network fees — removes a common barrier to entry.

8. Token Utility & Economic Model

SPC is a utility token. Its purpose is to power participation in the SportCoin ecosystem — not to serve as an investment instrument. Its design follows one guiding rule learned from the failures of earlier sport and fitness tokens: **a token is only sustainable if it has real, ongoing utility and a fixed, disciplined supply.**

A fixed supply. SPC has a fixed total supply. Unlike the failed “earn” models whose unlimited emission drove inflation and collapse, SportCoin distributes from a defined, finite allocation. Achievements do not create new tokens out of thin air — they distribute existing tokens according to transparent rules. This is what makes the “human mining” metaphor sustainable: the work is real, but the supply is disciplined.

What SPC is for. SPC has genuine utility across the ecosystem:

- **Recognition and reward for athletes** — the core function: verified achievement is rewarded in SPC.
- **Supporting athletes** — fans can use SPC to back the competitors they believe in.
- **Access and experiences** — SPC can unlock community features, experiences, and digital collectibles tied to real achievements.
- **Participation and governance** — over time, SPC holders can take part in community decisions, such as which sports to add next.

How participants obtain SPC. Athletes earn SPC through verified achievement. Fans obtain it either by acquiring it on the open market or by earning it through verifiable participation in the community. SPC is never given away for simply existing — a deliberate choice that avoids the “airdrop farming” that undermined earlier projects. As a standard transferable token, SPC can be freely held, used, or traded on secondary markets; this transferability is a property of any genuine utility token, not an invitation to speculate.

A sustainable economic loop. The protocol is designed around a transaction fee applied to ecosystem activity. A portion of this fee sustains the protocol’s treasury and operations; a portion may be burned as a standard token mechanism. This creates a model where ongoing use supports the system’s longevity, rather than depending on a constant inflow of new speculators — the dynamic that doomed earlier “earn” tokens.

Designed for use, not speculation. SPC’s relevance to a participant is functional: you need SPC to take part — to be rewarded, to support athletes, to access experiences, and to join in governance. The design centers on genuine utility and active participation in the ecosystem,

not on trading dynamics. SportCoin makes no promise of financial return, and SPC is not designed or offered as an investment.

9. Tokenomics

This section presents SportCoin’s token structure. The figures below — total supply, allocations, and vesting — are **design parameters of this draft**, established to give the model concrete shape. Operational parameters that depend on real-world data — such as the precise reward value per achievement and the exact transaction-fee percentage — are deliberately left to be calibrated in a later implementation phase. All parameters remain subject to professional and legal review before any token issuance.

Total supply: 1,000,000,000 SPC, fixed. SportCoin has a fixed total supply of one billion SPC. No mechanism exists to mint tokens beyond this cap. The entire supply is created once, at the token’s generation (the Token Generation Event, or TGE), and allocated across the categories below. From that moment, tokens are distributed from these allocations according to transparent rules — never created from nothing. This fixed cap is the structural foundation of SportCoin’s discipline, and the deliberate opposite of the unlimited-emission models that inflated and collapsed.

Allocation of supply:

Allocation	%	Purpose
Athlete Rewards	38%	Recognition and reward for verified athletic achievement — the protocol’s core purpose and largest allocation.
Treasury	17%	Operations, development, and the team behind the protocol, subject to vesting.
Community & Fans	15%	Earned by fans through verifiable participation — never given away for merely signing up.
Reserve	12%	A contingency reserve for future needs and opportunities, managed transparently.
Liquidity	10%	Ensures SPC can function and be exchanged in practice.
Ecosystem & Partnerships	8%	Funds integrations, partnerships, and ecosystem growth.

Athletes are the largest allocation — by design. At 38%, athlete rewards form the single largest share of the entire supply. This is the clearest possible expression of SportCoin’s purpose: the people who create the value receive the greatest part of it. No other category comes close.

The team allocation is disciplined and vested. The Treasury allocation is subject to a vesting schedule: a **one-year cliff** during which nothing is released, followed by **linear vesting over the following three years** — four years in total. This structure aligns the team with the protocol's long-term health and reflects a commitment demonstrated through time rather than extracted upfront — a standard practice for serious, durable projects.

No public token sale. This design includes no public or private token sale. SportCoin is not structured to raise capital from token buyers, and this document makes no offer to sell tokens. Should the project's development ever call for a financing mechanism in the future, it would be evaluated separately, transparently, and only under appropriate legal guidance.

Fixed, transparent, and disciplined. Every allocation and its release schedule is defined and disclosed. There are no hidden allocations, no arbitrary minting, and no mechanism to enrich insiders at participants' expense. The supply is finite; the rules are public; the structure is designed to be transparent and verifiable.

10. Why SportCoin Is Different

Several categories of project have attempted to connect sport, fans, and blockchain. Each addressed part of the picture; none addressed SportCoin's. The contrast is the clearest way to understand what SportCoin is — and what it deliberately is not.

	What they reward	Who benefits	Why they fall short
Fan tokens (team-based)	Team popularity; fan votes on minor decisions	Major clubs and their platforms	Built for teams, not individual athletes; ignore the long tail of sport entirely
Move-to-earn / fitness tokens	Generic activity (steps, movement)	Early users and speculators	Activity created no real value; unlimited emission drove inflation and collapse
Athlete-branded coins	A celebrity's name and hype	Insiders and early speculators	No link to performance; repeated history of sudden collapse and rug pulls
SportCoin (SPC)	Verified individual athletic achievement	Athletes first, then the fans who support them	—

SportCoin's difference is structural, not cosmetic:

- **It rewards achievement, not popularity.** Unlike fan tokens and sponsorship, merit drives the reward — not follower counts.
- **It rewards achievement, not activity.** Unlike move-to-earn, only scarce, meaningful, verified accomplishment is recognized. You cannot farm a tournament win.
- **It is anchored to performance, not hype.** Unlike athlete-branded coins, every reward is tied to a verified result and a verified identity — never to a name alone.
- **It is built for sustainability, not speculation.** A fixed supply, real utility, vesting, and a transparent economic loop are designed to differ from the patterns that defined earlier projects.

SportCoin does not aim to replace fan tokens or compete with major leagues. It fills the gap none of them address: rewarding the millions of individual athletes whose verified achievements have, until now, earned them nothing.

11. Roadmap

SportCoin's development follows a deliberate sequence of phases, each building on validated progress from the one before. This roadmap describes direction and order, not fixed dates — a discipline that keeps the project honest and lets each phase prove itself before the next begins.

Phase 1 — Foundation. Establish the protocol's identity and groundwork: the vision, brand, this whitepaper, the public presence, and the initial community. The goal is to articulate clearly what SportCoin stands for and to begin gathering the athletes and fans who believe in it.

Phase 2 — Validation. Prove genuine demand before building the full technical product. This means growing a real community, attracting early athletes, and confirming that the problem SportCoin solves resonates with the people it aims to serve. Validation is the gate: meaningful traction here justifies the work of the next phase.

Phase 3 — Build. With demand validated, develop the core protocol: the smart contracts, the verification and identity systems, the wallets, and the supporting infrastructure. This phase includes the professional and legal groundwork required before any token exists — security audits and the regulatory review established as mandatory in this project's directives.

Phase 4 — Launch & Scale. Bring the protocol to life: the token, the first verified achievements rewarded on-chain, and the first sports modules live. From there, scale across disciplines — adding sports as modules — and deepen the ecosystem of athletes, fans, and partners.

Each phase gates the next. SportCoin does not rush to issue a token or chase attention; it earns each step by completing the one before. This sequence reflects a project designed to last and to be taken seriously — by athletes, by fans, and by the partners who may one day help it scale.

12. Sustainability

A token economy survives only if it can sustain itself without depending on a constant inflow of new buyers. SportCoin is designed around that principle, with several structural choices that reinforce one another.

Independence from speculation. Because SportCoin is not financed by selling tokens to the public, it does not rely on continually attracting buyers to survive. This insulates the protocol from the “sell to survive” dynamic that pressured earlier projects into inflationary emissions and, ultimately, collapse. Its foundation is use, not hype.

A treasury built to last. The Treasury allocation, released gradually through vesting, funds the work that carries the project through its building phases toward self-sufficiency: development, verification infrastructure, partnerships, and operations. It is a finite, transparent resource, managed to support the protocol over years rather than spent at once.

An adoption cycle, not a hype cycle. SportCoin’s durability comes from a reinforcing loop of genuine adoption: as more verified achievements are recognized, more athletes join; as more athletes join, the ecosystem becomes more engaging and useful to fans; as fans participate, that activity sustains the protocol. The driver is real use by real people — the opposite of the speculative cycles that defined the projects before it.

13. Risks & Disclaimers

SportCoin is presented honestly, including its risks. Any participant should understand the following before engaging with the protocol.

Regulatory risk. The regulatory treatment of digital assets is evolving and varies by jurisdiction. Changes in law or regulation could affect how SportCoin operates, who can participate, and in what form. SportCoin intends to operate within applicable law and will seek appropriate professional and legal guidance before any token issuance — but regulatory outcomes cannot be guaranteed.

Execution risk. SportCoin is an ambitious project in development. Building the verification systems, the identity infrastructure, the smart contracts, and the partnerships required to operate at scale is genuinely difficult. There is no guarantee that all planned phases will be completed as envisioned.

Technology risk. Smart contracts, oracles, and blockchain systems carry inherent technical risks, including the possibility of bugs or vulnerabilities. SportCoin intends to mitigate these through established patterns and independent security audits before any production deployment, but no software is ever entirely without risk.

Verification risk. Proof of Achievement depends on the integrity of result and identity verification. While the protocol is designed to be fraud-resistant, no verification system is perfect, and the protocol will need to evolve its safeguards continuously.

Market risk. SPC is a utility token, not an investment. Its purpose is participation in the ecosystem, not financial return. Any token that is transferable may fluctuate in value on secondary markets due to forces entirely outside the protocol's control. Participants should never treat SPC as an investment or expect financial gain from holding it.

Disclaimers. This document is a vision and design paper. It is a work in progress and describes intended design, not finalized commitments. It does not constitute financial, legal, investment, or tax advice. It is not an offer to sell, or a solicitation to buy, any token or security. Nothing in this document is a promise of future performance, value, or return. All parameters described — including supply, allocations, fees, and reward values — are preliminary and subject to change and to professional and legal review before any token issuance. Participants are responsible for understanding the laws and tax obligations applicable to them in their own jurisdiction.

14. Conclusion & Vision

Today, the overwhelming majority of athletes earn nothing from their achievements. A tennis player ranked 350th in the world — among the very best on the planet at what they do — often loses money competing. A regional fighter wins and takes home a few hundred dollars. A junior champion trains for years with no economic recognition at all. The value they create through verified, hard-won achievement simply evaporates, captured by no one or by everyone except them.

SportCoin exists to change that. By turning verified athletic achievement into on-chain recognition, it builds an economy around the one thing sport has always produced but never fairly rewarded: real, provable accomplishment. This is the meaning of “human mining” — not computation, but the verified results of human effort, passion, and sacrifice, recognized and rewarded.

The principles are simple and they hold throughout: achievement over popularity, verification over claims, utility over speculation, and discipline over hype. Athletes come first — not as a slogan, but as the largest allocation in the protocol and the center of its design. Fans are not a product to be monetized, but participants who earn their place and support the athletes they believe in. And the entire system is built on a fixed, transparent, sustainable foundation — the deliberate opposite of the projects that promised much and collapsed.

The vision is a world where any athlete, anywhere — regardless of fame, market size, or sponsorship — can have their achievements recognized and rewarded. Where the 350th-best player in the world, and the junior champion, and the regional fighter, are all part of an economy that finally values what they do. SportCoin is the first protocol built to make that real, one verified achievement at a time.

15. Appendix / Glossary

A plain-language guide to the key terms used in this document, for readers new to blockchain.

Proof of Achievement (PoA) — SportCoin’s core mechanism: the process of turning a verified athletic achievement into an on-chain reward. The achievement must be both independently verified and attributed to a verified athlete.

SPC — The SportCoin token. A utility token used to reward athletes, support participation, and power the ecosystem.

Utility token — A token whose purpose is to be used within a system (for access, participation, rewards), as opposed to a security or investment instrument. SPC is a utility token.

Blockchain — A shared, transparent, tamper-resistant digital ledger. SportCoin uses it to make rewards verifiable and transparent.

Polygon — The blockchain network SportCoin is built on, known for low cost and energy efficiency.

Smart contract — A self-executing program on the blockchain that runs exactly as written, without intermediaries. SportCoin uses smart contracts to distribute rewards automatically.

ERC-20 — The established technical standard for fungible tokens (tokens that are interchangeable, like currency). SPC follows this standard.

Oracle — A system that connects real-world information (like sports results) to the blockchain, so smart contracts can act on verified external data.

Wallet — A digital account that holds tokens. SportCoin is designed so fans can use a simple email-based wallet without technical knowledge.

Gasless — A design where the user does not pay the blockchain’s transaction fees (“gas”); the protocol absorbs them, removing a common barrier to entry.

Fixed supply — A token design where the total number of tokens is permanently capped, meaning no new tokens can ever be created.

Vesting — The gradual release of tokens over time, rather than all at once. Used for the treasury/team allocation to demonstrate long-term commitment.

Cliff — An initial period during which no vested tokens are released. SportCoin’s treasury has a one-year cliff.

Burn — Permanently removing tokens from circulation; a standard token mechanism.

Token Generation Event (TGE) — The moment the full token supply is created and allocated to its designated purposes.

Treasury — The allocation of tokens reserved for the protocol's operations, development, and team, subject to vesting.

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